

HUMSAFAR

Support Centre for Women

ANNUAL REPORT

1 APRIL 2014 – 31 MARCH 2015



Registered office
HUMSAFAR SUPPORT CENTRE FOR WOMEN
27, NEW BERRY ROAD, LUCKNOW 226001
(Near Times of India)
Phone no. 0522-2205215, 0522-4062119
Email- humsafar25nov@gmail.com
Website- www.humsafarindia.org

1. About HUMSAFAR:

HUMSAFAR, a Support Centre for Women in Crisis was set up in November 2003 in Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh, **to ensure a holistic response to women's human rights violations.** It is collectively managed by a group of activist volunteers. Currently it is registered as a Trust in Lucknow.

The Centre has provided a wide variety of support services to **6881** women survivors (from November 2003 to March 2015). The support includes paralegal, legal, medical, social mediation, counseling, rescue, shelter and rehabilitation. Often it is a struggle for women in Uttar Pradesh to access the police system for justice. Over the years HUMSAFAR has enabled many women to register their cases with the police.

To create enabling environment for gender equality and equity HUMSAFAR also works in 36 communities and 45 schools and colleges of Lucknow division which includes districts Lucknow, Unnao, Sitapur and Hardoi.

1.1 VISION AND MISSION:

HUMSAFAR has been established to address a concern for justice, empowerment, rehabilitation and protection of women survivors of gender based violence, as well as to raise social awareness regarding gender based violence towards prevention, and to enable integration of women survivors.

HUMSAFAR works for prevention of VAW and interventions with women facing human rights violation, by facilitating a process through which women survivors are enabled to make choices and take decisions within a rights framework and be supported in these choices and decisions.

HUMSAFAR is one of the few crisis response centers in the country that simultaneously provides support to women facing violence of any kind, as well as works with different segments of society to ensure that such women can integrate back into society. Therefore the organization seeks to change the discourse around violence against women through a holistic approach that not only responds to women in need, but helps transform societal attitudes and practices by motivating local communities to undertake the responsibility to support the safety of women, affected by violence, living in their own homes/neighborhoods.

1.2 Objectives:

The objective of HUMSAFAR is to ensure a holistic response to women's human rights violations in Uttar Pradesh. Within this larger objective the sub-objectives of HUMSAFAR are -

- To provide or arrange for necessary psycho-social, paralegal, medical, shelter and other support to women survivors of violence in Uttar Pradesh, using human rights principles

- To provide support to other women's crisis support centers in the state and elsewhere who may need assistance for their casework
- To initiate alliances with state mechanisms e.g. Police, to provide support to survivors using human rights principles
- To engage larger civil society in understanding and addressing VAW in their regular capacity as citizens, workers, neighbors, teachers, students and so on.

- Two women, one from HUMSAFAR's Nigrani Samiti (Neighborhood Watch Committee) and Violence against Women (VAW) survivor were selected by OXFAM for a month-long training and paid internship at the Marks and Spencer showroom.
- HUMSAFAR conducted a legal research on IPC Section 498A (cruelty by husband and in-laws) which includes 105 interviews of survivors from 20 districts.
- In a unique initiative HUMSAFAR organized an interactive session with police officers from local police stations and active Nigrani Samiti members from two urban committees in which 91 women participated. HUMSAFAR's active Nigrani Samiti members were provided identity cards by the Lucknow police.
- In collaboration with Uttar Pradesh State Road Transport Corporation HUMSAFAR launched '*Beti ki Udan*' campaign for promoting safe public transport and awareness about declining sex ratio
- HUMSAFAR conducted an orientation session on the Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act (PWDV) 2005 at the 1090 Headquarters. Ninety four Station House Officers of 5 district of Lucknow division as well as officers handling 1090 helpline including IG Navneet Sikera participated.
- Around 94 VAW survivors participated in a daylong session on women related laws in which ADG of the newly set up Mahila Samman Prakosht Sutapa Sanyal was the chief guest.
- OXFAM UP selected HUMSAFAR's VAW survivor and active Nigrani Samiti member Manju Devi as '*Agent of Change*' for the year 2014-15

- To create a platform for organizations working on women's human rights violations in the state of Uttar Pradesh for creating common understanding on how to address VAW using human rights principles.

2. Major Activities and achievements: April 2014 to March 2015

- In the year 2014 till 2015.HUMSAFAR intervened in 1054 cases for VAW survivors. In most of these cases women is facing domestic violence from spouse and his family. HUMSAFAR helped women to file cases under Domestic Violence Act .
- **Beti Ki Udan:** On December 24HUMSAFAR launched a campaign ‘Beti ki Udan’ on declining girl child sex ratio, women empowerment, gender discrimination and popularizing the safe city concept including safety in public transport in collaboration with the Uttar Pradesh State Road Transport Corporation(UPSRTC).
On the inaugural day HUMSAFAR also launched a set of posters and stickers which is being pasted inside UPSRTC buses and city auto-rickshaws with messages raising awareness about the campaign issues including useful helpline numbers for women in distress.
Uttar Pradesh UPSRTC Managing Director Mukesh Meshram and IG in- charge of the state’s ‘Mahila Prakosht’ Navneet Sikera and eminent social activist and founder of Sanatkada Madhavi Kukreja were present on the occasion.
This yearlong campaign in Lucknow Division including neighboring districts of Sitapur, Unnao and Hardoi focuses on raising awareness on gender based discrimination including declining girl child sex ratio, women empowerment, and safety in public spaces including public transport.
In collaboration of UPSRTC, HUMSAFAR has already pasted stickers in 111 city buses of Lucknow district on February19, March 15 and 20, 2015.
- HUMSAFAR conducted legal research on lacunae of IPC Section 498a (cruelty by husband and in-laws, criminal section of Indian Panel Code) in which around 105 cases of Uttar Pradesh women from various regions attempting to access under 498Ahas been used.
- At present HUMSAFAR is actively working with youth from 45 schools and colleges in Lucknow, Sitapur ,Hardoi and Unnao district of Lucknow division.
- HUMSAFAR has helped community members to form neighborhood watch committees to support women who face violence and helped to reintegrate her with society with dignity. Such committees are functional in 49 communities in urban area.
- On the basis of HUMSAFAR’s earlier study “**Justice Delayed is Justice Denied: Study on Maintenance under Section 125 Cr Pc; Enabling or Hindering Access to Entitlement**” a PIL has been filed before the Lucknow bench of the Allahabad High Court.
- HUMSAFAR set up a street theatre group comprising of adolescent girls of HUMSAFAR’s urban slums. Coming from working class families the young group was provided training by experts and now has a repertoire of a few skits which they perform as part of the community mobilization programme on various aspects of gender-based discrimination.

- To create an enabling environment for women including the HUMSAFAR staff, VAW survivors and community women active as social change agents, HUMSAFAR has opened a crèche in its office where day care is provided to young children for staff and survivors. The daughter of a HUMSAFAR violence survivor has been employed to provide daycare support.
- Since last year HUMSAFAR has been the secretariat of the '**Rozi-Roti Adhikaar Abhiyaan**' (Campaign for food security and livelihoods) having 80 organizational members across Uttar Pradesh.
- HUMSAFAR intervened in the fact-finding of Badaun rape case. HUMSAFAR counselor twice visited Badaun along with the fact-finding team. (May 30-31 and June 13-14, 2014).

It is HUMSAFAR's achievement that survivors satisfied with our services referred 35 new survivors to the HUMSAFAR this year.

3. HUMSAFAR Activities: HUMSAFAR undertook many activities in collaboration with SAHAYOG. The description of activities is given below:-

3.1 Working with Violence Survivors:

HUMSAFAR's primary work is casework on violence against women. The casework unit's activities centers around providing a wide variety of support services to women such as paralegal, legal, social mediation, counseling, rescue, safe shelter, rehabilitation etc.

During the last one year (April 2014 to March 2015) HUMSAFAR has enabled many women to register and fight their cases. In this one year HUMSAFR intervened in total 1054 caeses. The break up is as follows.

1. 117 new survivors approached the centre.
 2. HUMSAFAR did follow up of 375 existing cases during this period.
 3. Legal as well as telephonic advice and other relevant information were provided to 134 cases
 4. .Another 428 cases were provided assistance during mediation at the weekly sessions at the Lucknow SSP/DIG office.
- HUMSAFAR has successfully resolved 26 cases through social mediation during this period.
 - Help of police was sought to resolve 14 cases through organization and police working with women.
 - 71 cases are sub-judice.

- 381 cases mediation and counseling is ongoing
- 428 were given advice at SSP office.
- 134 were given telephonic advice.

3.1.1 Number of cases registered under the following law and act:

- Registered First Information Report (FIR) in police stations under sections of Indian Penal Code and Dowry Prohibition Act 1961, (IPC 498a, 323, 506, 504 and DPA 3 / 4):

3.1.2 Place of violence: During the last one year **117** new survivors approached HUMSAFAR. In most incidents violence took place in the marital family where she was staying with in-laws. (**47**), although some of the survivors faced violence in the natal family (**22**) as well. Some (**32**) survivors faced violence in nuclear families. Another **11** survivors faced violence in public places and (**5**) survivors faced violence in other places such as relative's house.

3.1.3 How cases are referred:

- It was HUMSAFAR's achievement that survivors satisfied with our services referred **35** new cases.
- Survivors referred from School Program.:7
- Referred through our community outreach programme : 25.
- Cases approaches HUMSAFAR drawn by the sign board: 8
- Referred by HUMSAFAR's alliance & partner organizations:35
- Referred by Police: 2
- Referred by Trustees: 3
- Referred by media persons: 2

3.2. Engaging Community to Challenge VAW:

HUMSAFAR also engages with civil society members in Lucknow to ensure social support to women who have faced violence. HUMSAFAR conducts outreach programmes in schools, colleges, neighborhoods, workplaces of women, vocational training centres and health care centers to create awareness about gender, various forms of gender-based discrimination & PWDVA.

A major impact of conducting these sessions in educational institutions and neighborhoods is that 35 cases of VAW have been referred through them to HUMSAFAR.

3.2.1 Neighborhood and Workplace programmes:

This year HUMSAFAR actively worked in 36 urban neighborhoods of Lucknow city and other 3 districts of Hardoi, Unnao and Sitapur. Neighborhood Watch committees (total 49 so far) have been formed where awareness programmes are conducted in a systematic manner where a definite curriculum is followed. *(See Annexure for the list of neighborhoods)*

3.3. Motivating teachers and Students to Challenge VAW:

At present HUMSAFAR works in 45 schools & colleges of 4 districts of Uttar Pradesh (Lucknow, Unnao, Hardoi and Sitapur). HUMSAFAR facilitates training sessions with students by using a 7-session interactive module. After the completion of the module HUMSAFAR engages them in activities like poster- making competition, slogan writing & essay writing competitions with students in order to gauge their understanding of the issues. HUMSAFAR has also organized film shows on gender-based discrimination and sex selection. *(See annexure for list of schools and colleges and topic of curriculum).*

3.4.1. Yuva Mitramandali or Youth: Voices of the young:

At present more than 300 youth associated with the Mitramandali (Friends of HUMSAFAR) support HUMSAFAR in various ways. Some of the activities are as follows:

- Seven meetings were held with the youth Mitramandali during this period mainly to solicit their support for HUMSAFAR programmes and deepen their understanding of gender and various aspects of gender-based violence. A documentary 'That Day after every day' was also shown to them. The meetings were held on April 19, July 22, September 6, November 5 and December 22 in 2014. In 2015 meetings were on January 15 and March 9.
- Youth volunteers of HUMSAFAR are playing a crucial role in the 'Beti Ki Udan' campaign by pasting stickers on city buses for promoting the 'safe city' concept by making public transport safer for women.

3.4.2. Professional Mitramandali: Group of concerned professionals

- A large number of concerned professionals including lawyers, doctors, businessmen, media professionals, home-makers, teachers and school principals are involved with HUMSAFAR.
- For setting up a crèche in the HUMSAFAR office generous donations were received from two HUMSAFAR trustees. A businessman associated with the professional Mitramandali donated a desktop computer to HUMSAFAR office.
- College principals/ teachers associated with HUMSAFAR are continuously supporting HUMSAFAR outreach programme in educational institutions.

3.5. Livelihood:

Taking a holistic view of the survivors' situation HUMSAFAR finds that a woman delays the decision to come out of an abusive relationship due to their being ill-equipped to

rebuild her life. In many cases survivors decide to withdraw their case and return to face violence due to their precarious financial situation.

It is in this context that HUMSAFAR has decided to organize trainings for survivors and community women.

To begin with HUMSAFAR started 'women auto drivers training' for six VAW survivors. An orientation session was conducted with the six VAW survivors familiarizing them with issues of gender and gender based discrimination. Their capacities were built in articulation, self-confidence, communication skills, and self-defense as well as traffic rules.

3.6. Research:

- HUMSAFAR has finalized a legal research critiquing the IPC Section 498A (cruelty by husband and their family) named '**A Comprehensive Study on the efficacy of section 498-A IPC in the state of Uttar Pradesh**'.
- Our previous research on section 125 (criminal maintenance law of Cr.P.C.) "Justice delayed is Justice denied" was filed as support to our petition.

3.7. Campaign:

3.7.1. 'Beti Ki Udan': On December 24 HUMSAFAR launched a campaign 'Beti ki Udan' raising awareness on declining girl child sex ratio, women empowerment, gender-based discrimination and popularizing the concept of safe city including ensuring safety in public transport in collaboration with UPSRTC.

- On the inaugural day HUMSAFAR launched a set of posters and stickers which were pasted inside UPSRTC buses and city auto-rickshaws with messages about the campaign issues including helpline numbers useful for women in distress.
- UPSRTC Managing Director Mukesh Meshram and IG in-charge of the state's 'Mahila Prakoshth' Navneet Sikera and eminent social activist and founder of Sanatkada Madhavi Kukrejaware present on the occasion.
- This is a year-long campaign which will run in the Lucknow Division including neighboring districts of Sitapur, Unnao and Hardoi. It will focus on raising awareness on the declining girl child sex ratio, women empowerment, gender based discrimination and safety in public spaces including public transport.
- HUMSAFAR, in collaboration with the UPSRTC pasted stickers inside 111 city buses in Lucknow district on a war footing on February 19, March 18 and March 20, 2015.

3.7.2. The '**Ab to Jago**' campaign has been continuing since 2007 aiming at raising awareness about the proper implementation of (PWDVA) 'Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act 2005'. HUMSAFAR is the state-level secretariat of the campaign which oversees the calendar of activities during the 16 days of activism

3.7.3. 'Rozi-Roti Adhikaar Abhiyaan' (Campaign for food security and livelihoods): Since HUMSAFAR has been holding the Uttar Pradesh-

level secretariat of the '**Rozi-Roti Adhikaar Abhiyaan**' (Campaign for food security and livelihoods). Around 80 partner organizations which include frontal organizations of left wing political parties, representative of women and *dalit* organizations across the state are active participants of the campaign making it one of the most effective pressure group on the crucial issue of entitlements in the state.

The main agenda of the campaign is to ensure the effective implementation of the National Food Security Act (NFSA). Regular, almost monthly campaign meetings are held at the HUMSAFAR office. HUMSAFAR also provides logistic support and helps mobilize partners for various advocacy events at the local and national level. Framed in the feminist perspective the campaign spearheaded by HUMSAFAR is part of the larger women's movement which is working towards establishing linkages between gender-based discrimination and issues of entitlement mainly empowering women to access their right to livelihood and food.

3.8. Resource Centre Activities: Apart from these collaborative activities, HUMSAFAR functions as a Resource Centre on Violence against Women and gender based discrimination.

This year HUMSAFAR further engaged networks/ organizations through campaigns & joint events and further strengthened their understanding of gender and gender-based discrimination. As a resource centre HUMSAFAR undertook the following programmes/ activities:-

Facilitated training/ sessions:

- Two day-long workshops were facilitated by HUMSAFAR with the support of Action Aid (Indian Fund) on Gender, Gender-Based Violence, Domestic Violence, Declining Girl Sex Ratio and PCPNDT Act with 45 leaders from HUMSAFAR's Neighborhood Watch Committees from 3 districts - Lucknow, Unnao and Hardoi (August 23 and September 22, 2014).
- HUMSAFAR conducted 2 day-long workshops in collaboration with SAMVAD and supported by Action Aid on the issue of Gender, Gender-Based Violence, Domestic Violence, Declining Girl Sex Ratio and PCPNDT Act with 60 student leaders from 37 educational institutions from Lucknow district. (August 28 and September 29, 2014).
- HUMSAFAR conducted a day-long workshop with teachers from 11 degree colleges on the issue of Gender, Gender-Based Violence, Domestic Violence, Declining Girl Sex Ratio and PCPNDT Act on September 23, 2014. An impact of this workshop was that teachers are now demanding more such sessions. Teachers are also demanding HUMSAFAR to facilitate the effective implementation of Committee against Sexual Harassment at Workplace. The resource persons for this workshop were Dr. Sandeep Pande, Arundhati Dhuru and Shahira Naim.
- In a unique intervention HUMSAFAR organized an interactive program with local police station level police officers and active Nignari Samiti members on June 11, 2014. Around 91 women from HUMSAFAR's urban communities of Sardar Nagar and Baroura participated in the interaction. A positive outcome of this programme was that the

- Lucknow police have now provided an Identity Card to the active members of HUMSAFAR's Nigrani Samiti.
- To orient ASHA team members on Gender, Gender-Based Violence, Domestic Violence, Declining Girl Sex Ratio and PCPNDT Act HUMSAFAR conducted a day long capacity building session on June, 2014. Around 40 participants attended this workshop.
 - Conducted VAW session with NFHS-4 group December 26.
 - Conducted session on VAW with Mahila Kisan in association with Gorkahpur Environmental Action Group (GEAG) on January 31, 2015.
 - At the request of IG Navneet Sikera HUMSAFAR conducted an orientation session , on 'Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act 2005' on Febraury 11, 2015 with 90 police officers of six districts of Uttar Pradesh at the 1090 premises in Gomti Nagar,
 - HUMSAFAR facilitated a session on Sex Selection and PCPNDT act with 30 students from Lucknow's degree colleges on October 28, 2014. .
 - OXFAM requested HUMSAFAR to be the resource person at a training on 'Transformative leadership and Women Rights' for OXFAM's partners who work on issues other than gender, March 17 to 19, 2015.

Support to interns & delegations:

- Three Oxfam directors from New Delhi, Mumbai and Kolkata visited HUMSAFAR office and communities to learn about the working of the Nigrani Samitis , July 2, 2014.
 - Two OXFAM staff members from the New Delhi office visited the HUMSAFAR office and field areas on August 22, 2014.
 - Ten Master of Social Work (MSW) students of Lucknow University and Shakuntla Mishra University interned with HUMSAFAR.
 - Around 22 bachelor of Social Work students from Dr.Babasaheb Ambedkar College Dhule, Maharashtra made an exposure visit to HUMSAFAR on December 26, 2014.
4. **Partnership Acknowledgement:** HUMSAFAR would like to express its gratitude towards its neighborhood communities and active members of the Neighborhood Watch committees, N.G.O. partners like SAHAYOG, Vanangana, Santakada Samjik Pahal, Saakar, Sangtin Sitapur, ASHA Trust, Astitava, VIGYAN Foundation, Nav Jagriti, Breakthrough, National Union for Domestic Workers, Wada Foundation, Samvad and Family Planning Association of India and all members of alliance and network partners for their immense co-operation and encouragement without which it was not possible to accomplish anything. Special thanks are also due to all our trustees, advisory group, Indian funders and Mitramandali members for their guidance and support. Especially thanks to SAHAYOG, ASHA and SAMVAD as HUMSAFAR closely work with collaboration.

Annexures

1. List of name of communities
2. List of Schools & Colleges
3. Information about Human Resources
4. Human resource development
5. Participation in conferences, meetings & networking/ campaign
6. Topics of curriculum of Neighbourhood programme & school Programme
7. List of cases dealt at S.S.P/ DIG office
8. Ab to Jago campaign Activities list (25th Nov- 10 Dec)
9. Laws which are mentioned in report

1. List of name of communities

S.N o.	Name of Community & Village	NigraniSamiti Status (Formed/ not formed)	No. of NigraniSamiti	Community formed with the assistance of friend's organization
J	Kashyap Nagar	Formed		HUMSAFAR
2	JantaNagri	"	8	"
3	Baba KaPurwa	"	14	"
4	BarouraGaon	"	10	"
5	NaibastiNabiulla road basmandi	"	4	"
6	Sardar Nagar	"	6	"
7	FaridiPur	"	6	"
8	Ambedikarnagar	"	4	"
9	DariyaiTola	"	7	"
10	Joshi Tola	"	7	"
11	Chinhat	Formed	4	"
12	Premnagar	"	10	"
13	GarhiKanoura ,	"	10	"
14	DubaggaBasti	"	5	"
15	IshwariKheda	"	5	NavJagriti
16	Barouli	"	6	"
17	Mawaiya	"	3	"
18	ChamrahiTola	"	2	"
19	Devi Kheda	"	3	"
20	Piprouli	Formed	4	"
21	Telibagh	Not formed		"
22	Amrita Nagar	Formed	7	"
23	Bharat Puri	"	8	HUMSAFAR
24	AlamnagarGaon	"	7	"
25	Tikaitganj	"	4	"
26	GwariGaon	"	2	"
27	MehandiGanj kothevaligali	"	4	"
28	BhikhamPurwa	"	2	"
29	RadheyViharAlam Nagar	"	9	"
30	Arti Nagar	"	4	"

2. List of Schools & Colleges: Till March 2015 we have completed session including declining girl child sex ration and PCPNDT:

S.no.	School/College Name	Status
	Dr.Shakuntala Mishra University	
1-	Department of Social work	3 session done
2-	Department of Sociology	5 session done
3-	Department of History	Full day workshop on Gender and Patriarchy
	Navyug girls degree college	
4-	Department of Science	All session done
5-	Department of Sociology	Full day work shop on Domestic violence act
6-	Department of English	3 session done
	Gurunanak girls degree college	
7-	Department of Science	Full day workshop on VAW , 2 session done
8-	Department of Sociology	3 session done
9-	Department of History	2 session done
	Krishna girls degree college	
10-	Department of Home science	6 session done
11-	Department of Science	One day workshop on gender and Patriarchy
12-	Department of Sociology	4 session done
	Karamathussain girls degree college	
13-	Department of Science	2 session done
14-	Department of Sociology	4 session done
15-	Department of Education	Full day workshop on Violence against women
16-	Department of Persian	Full day workshop on Gender and patriarchy
17-	Department of English	3 session done
	Shashibhushan girls degree college	
18-	Department of Sociology	4 session done , full day workshop on Gender and Patriarchy , Full day workshop on VAW
19-	Department of Economics	4 sessiondone
20-	Department of English	3 session day
	Mahila degree college	
21-	Department of Sociology	5 session done
22-	Department of Science	4 session done, Full day workshop on Gender
23-	Department of B.ed	full one day workshop on VAW and declining girl child sex ratio
24-	Department of Education	2 session done, Full day workshop on Patriarchy
25-	Department of Home science	All session done
	A.P.Sen girls degree college	

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26-	Department of Social work	All session done
27-	Department of Economics	3 session done
28-	Department of Science	2 session done
	BasudevMemorialGirls P.G. College	
29-	Department of B.ed	2 session done
30-	Department of Science	5session done
31-	Department of Sociology	One day workshop on Gender and Patriarchy, One day workshop on Violence against women,
	Maharaja BijliPasi P.G. College	
32-	Department of Economics	3 session done
33-	Department of Socialwork	5 session done
34-	Department of Hindi	Full day session on gender and Patriarchy
	RadheyShyamP.G.College, Gosaiganj	
35-	Department of Social work	One day workshop on Gender and Patriarchy
36-	Department of Home Science	6 session done
37-	Sanskrit Pathshala	1 session done

3. Information about human resource: as on March 31 2015, Eight full time staff, 2 new people joined as an accountants. There are now three part time lawyers.

4. Human Resource development: as on March 31 2015, staff members were provided with many opportunities to strengthen their capacity.

<u>S. No.</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Issue / Organizer</u>	<u>Attended by</u>	<u>Place</u>
1	8-15 May 2014	Gender at Work organized by SANATKADA	Neetu and Sudha	Himalaya Gaon, Nainital
2	12-13 August 2014	Gender at Work organized by SANATKADA	Sudha/ Neetu	Lucknow
3	23-24 September 2014	Regional Symposium on Gender Issues/ MASVAW	Richa/ Neetu	Lucknow
4	12 October 2014	6 th Hindi Film Festival	Richa/ Neetu/ Aparna/Sudha	SNA, Lucknow
5	12-14 Nov. 2014	Accounts Procedure/ OXFAM	Richa and Chanchal	Atithi Inn, Lucknow
6	12 February 2015	Analysis of Delhi Election / SAHAYOG	Mamta, Sudha, Neetu, Rubeena	SAHAYOG office

5. Participation in conferences, meetings & networking/ Protest

<u>S.No.</u>	<u>Issues/ Programme</u>	<u>Organizer</u>	<u>Place</u>	<u>Month/ dates</u>
1.	Planning meeting regarding fact finding of Badaun case	SajhiDunia	SajhiDunia office	02.06.2014
2.	Press Conference on Badaun case	Action Aid	Press Club	03.06.2014
3.	Program on right of Domestic Worker	Vigyan Foundation	S.N.A.	17.06.2014
4.	Right to food meeting	HUNSAFAR-Sanatkada	Sanatkada office	19.08.2014
5.	Health watch forum meeting	SAHAYOG	SAHAYOG office	10.05.2014

6.	Right to Food Dharna	HUMSAFAR	JawaharBhawan	09.06.2014
7.	Protest and Rally on VAW	AIDWA	ParivartanChowk	16.06.2014
8.	Protest on VAW and Ashiyana case	AIDWA	AIDWA office	06.06.2014
9.	Program on the occasion of health day	SAHAYOG	SAHAYOG	28.05.2014
10.	Program on Domestic Worker Day	NavJagriti	NavJagriti	16.06.2014
11.	Protest on Human Rights	SandeepPande	HazratGanj	21.06.2014
12.	Protest on Human Rights		Gandhi Pratima and ParivartanChowk	27.06.2014
13.	Protest on Right to Food	HUMSAFAR	ShaheedSmarak	05.07.2014
14.	Partners Meet	Action Aid	Naini Tal	10.07.2014
15.	Protest on Women reservation	OXFAM	New Delhi	4.08.2014
16.	Seminar on Increasing VAW	AIPWA	Ganga Prasad Memorial Hall	06.08.2014
17.	Protest on Ashiyana case	AIDWA	High Court	21.08.2014
18.	Meeting regarding implementation of Sabla scheme	SAHAYOG	SAHAYOG office	25.08.2014
19.	Protest on VAW issue	AIDWA	G.P.O.	13.08.2014
20.	Film Screening on sarogacy	SANATKADA	Press Club	20.08.2014
21.	SAHAYOG's annual program,	SAHAYOG	Jai Shanker Prasad	22.08.2014
22.	Meeting regarding protest	AIDWA	AIDWA office	04.09.2014
23.	Right to Food protest	HUMSAFAR	GPO	20.09.2014
24.	Protest on communal voices	Many Organization	Varanasi	01.05.2014
25.	Press conference regarding child sexual abuse	AALI	Press Club	13.11.2014
26.	Partners Meet	Action Aid	Bandhan, Indira Nagar	25-27-11-2014
27.	Program regarding 16 Days of Activism	OXFAM	SNA	9-12-2014
28.	Press Conference regarding Right to Food Campaign	HUMSAFAR	Press Club	13.10.2014
29.	Meeting with Food Commissioner	RTF group	Giri Institute	11.12.2014
30.	Seminar on Right to Food	RTF group	Gandhi Bhawan	11.12.2014
31.	Meeting with Food Commissioner	RTF group	Ambedkar University	12.12.2014
32.	Protest regarding Right to Food	RTF group	GPO	9.01.2015
33.	Program on 8 th March 15	ASHA and HUMSAFAR	DubaggaBasti	8.03.2015
34.	Protest on VAW and Right to Food	AIDWA	G.P.O.	6.02.2015
35.	Protest on Right to Food and land acquisition	RTF group	GPO	24.02.2015
36.	Agents of Change program	OXFAM	Babian	27.02.2015
37.	Meeting with Food Commissioner	RTF group	JawaharBhawan	9.02.2015
38.	Program regarding Women's Day	MahilaSamakhya	SNA	11-12-3-2015
39.	Program regarding MGNREGA and Food Security	RTF group	Rai Uma Nath Bali	16.03.2015
40.	Rally for Women's Day	AIDWA	GPO, ParivartanChowk	10.03.2015

6. Topics of curriculum of Neighbourhoodprogramme & school Programme

6.1 Topics of Neighbourhoodprogramme

1. Introducing HUMSAFAR and participants
- 2(a). What is Gender & Gender-based Discrimination?
- 2(b). Gender discrimination
- 3(a). Power
- 3(b). Power

4. Relationship between power and violence
5. Violence against Women
6. Domestic Violence & Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act 2005
7. Sex Selection, Abortion Right and PCPNDT Act

6.2 Topics of School Programme

1. Introducing HUMSAFAR
2. What is Gender?
3. Gender discrimination
4. Patriarchy
5. Violence against Women
6. Women in Media
7. Sex Selection, Abortion Right and PCPNDT ACT

7. Case Mediation Meeting at SSP Office (Saturday)

S. No.	Month	No. of Cases	Type of violence	In Process	mediation	Close
1	Apr- Jun14	197	Physical	106	58	33
			Mental			
			Desertion			
			sexual violence			
			Dowry harassment			
			Financial			
			Bigamy			
2	July - Sep 14	77	Physical	29	32	16
			Mental			
			Desertion			
			fraud in marriage			
			sexual violence			
			Dowry harassment			
			Property			
Financial						
3	Oct- Dec 2014	158	Physical	113	27	18
			Mental			
			Desertion			
			sexual violence			
			fraud in marriage			
			Property			
			Dowry harassment			
Financial						
4	Jan- Mar 2015	168	Physical	139	19	10
			Mental			
			Desertion			
			sexual violence			
			fraud in marriage			
			Property			
			Dowry harassment			

			Financial			
			Bigamy			

8. Activities and Key achievements of 'Ab to Jago' Campaign 2014-15

S.no.	Dates	Activities done	Location (village/district/state)	No of participants (male / female)	Specific outcome (if any)
1	25.11.2014	Screening of films on gender issues	Mahila College, Aminabad, Lucknow	Female: 130	Understanding on gender issues and VAW increased among the students.
2	28.11.2014	NukkadNatak and pamphlet distribution	DaliganjMela, Daliganj, Lucknow	Total: 3000 Female: 2300 Male: 700	Awareness of PWDVA-2005 among the public
3	1.12.2014	Pamphlet distribution	In front of Family court, High court, Civil Court and Collectorate	Total: 3500 Male: 3420 Female: 80	Advocates are known about the myths of PWDVA-2005. They could understand the services providers described under this law.
4	4.12.2014	Screening of 'Dor'	JantaNagri, Lucknow	37 female	Participants are demanding a repeat show of the film.
5	6.12.2014	Poster Competition and discussion	RadheShyam Degree College, Gosaiganj, Lucknow	Total 120- 53 male, 67 female direct	Teachers appreciated this event and asked for similar sessions to be conducted in their respective colleges.
6	8.12.2014	Survivors meet	Jai Shanker Prasad Auditorium, Lucknow	52 female	Survivors were given orientation of women-related law and gender-based discrimination.

9. Laws:

S.No.	Laws	about
1	Dowry Prohibition Act 1961	To prohibit the demand, giving and taking of Dowry, the Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961 is in force since 1st July 1961.
2	498A of Indian Panel Code	Whoever, being the husband or the relative of the husband of a woman, subjects such woman to cruelty shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years and shall also is liable to fine.
3	323 of Indian Panel Code	Whoever, except in the case provided for by section 334, voluntarily causes hurt shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to one year, or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, or with both.
4	504 of Indian Panel Code	Whoever intentionally insults, and thereby gives provocation to any person, intending or knowing it to be likely that such provocation will cause him to break the public peace, or to commit any other offence, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to two years, or with fine, or with both.
5	506 of Indian Panel Code	Whoever commits, the offence of criminal intimidation shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to two years, or with fine, or with both;
6	125 of Code of Criminal Procedure	Order for maintenance of wives, children and parents.
7	Section 9 of Hindu Marriage Act 1955	Restitution of conjugal Rights.
8	Section 24 of Hindu Marriage Act 1955	Maintenance Pendente lite and expenses proceedings. Where in any proceeding under this Act it appears to the court that either the wife or the

		husband, as the case may be, has no independent income sufficient for her or his support and the necessary expenses of the proceeding, it may, on the application of the wife or the husband, order the respondent to pay to the petitioner the expenses of the proceeding, and monthly during the preceding such sum as, having regard to the petitioner's own income and the income of the respondent, it may seem to the court to be reasonable.
9	Section 13 of Hindu Marriage Act 1955	Divorce
10	Section 25 of Hindu Marriage Act 1955	Permanent alimony and maintenance.
11	Section 27 of Hindu Marriage Act 1955	Disposal of property. In any proceeding under this Act, the court may make such provisions in the decree as it deems just and proper with respect to any property presented, at or about the time of marriage, which may belong jointly to both the husband and the wife.
12	509 of Indian Penal Code	Whoever, intending to insult the modesty of any woman, utters any word, makes any sound or gesture, or exhibits any object, intending that such word or sound shall be heard, or that such gesture or object shall be seen, by such woman, or intrudes upon the privacy of such woman, shall be punished with simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year, or with fine, or with both.
13	Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act 2005 (PWDVA-2005)	the first significant attempt to recognize domestic abuse as a punishable offence, to extend its provisions to those in live-in relationships, and to provide for emergency relief for the victims, in addition to legal recourse.
14	Pre- Conception and Pre- Natal Diagnostic Techniques Act (PCPNDT) 2006	It was passed in 1994 by the Parliament of India. The act banned prenatal sex determination.